

NAME:

I. SYSTEM OŚWIATY | Które wyrazy z podanych poprawnie uzupełniają zdania?

degree graduate nursery primary private secondary
single-sex State

1. Little children play and learn in a _____ school, or kindergarten.
2. Children usually begin _____ school at the age of five or six, depending on the country.
3. Teenagers go to _____ school until the age of 16 or 18, depending on the country.
4. _____ schools are free for everyone. In a _____ school you have to pay.
5. There are still some _____ schools in the UK, although mixed schools are more popular.
6. After you leave school, you may decide to go to university or some kind of _____.
7. When you _____ from university, you get a 8. _____.

II. Odpowiedz na pytania.

1. Which of these can you take?

- A. an exam
- B. good grades
- C. notes

2. Which of these can you make?

- A. exam results
- B. progress
- C. mistakes

3. What verb completes all three phrases?

_____ *well in an exam*, _____ *homework*, _____ *your best*

4. Which of these can a teacher set?

- A. homework
- B. an essay
- C. a lesson

5. Read these three sentences. Which speaker doesn't know his/her results yet?

- A. I passed the exam.
- B. I took the exam.
- C. I failed the exam.

III. Jakie angielskie wyrazy i zwroty są poprawnymi tłumaczeniami fragmentów podanych w nawiasach?

1. Tim decided he wanted to become a plumber, so he went to a _____ (szkoły zawodowej).

2. After school, I relax first and then I _____ (odrabiam pracę domową).

3. I'm not very good at Maths and Physics, so I often _____ (robię błędy).

4. Our school doesn't have _____ (surowe zasady) and the girls can wear make-up.

5. My best friend was _____ (nieobecny) from school yesterday as she was sick.

6. The school _____ (czesne) in Dubai are extremely high.

7. You can't afford to get another low _____ (ocena) in maths.