## NAME:

I. SPRZEDAWANIE I KUPOWANIE Czy poniższe pary zdań znaczą to samo czy nie? Zaznac: "THE SAME" lub "DIFFERENT".	Z
1. It's reduced from £60 to £30. / There's a fifty percent discount.	
THE SAME/ DIFFERENT	
2. They were on special offer. / They were at the normal price.	
THE SAME/ DIFFERENT	
3. It was half price. / It was forty per cent off.	
THE SAME/ DIFFERENT	
4. I bought it in a sale. / I bought it at a discount.	
THE SAME/ DIFFERENT	
5. It was a real bargain. / It was a great deal. THE SAME/ DIFFERENT	
II. Które wyrazy poprawnie uzupełniają zdania?	
1. I haven't got any cash on me. I need to find a machine.	
2. Please your PIN.	
3. I'm out of cash at the moment. I'll pay for this credit card.	
4. The greengrocer doesn't credit cards. We need some cash.	
5. Did you see that man? He's just paid for that motorcycle cash.	
III. SKŁADANIE REKLAMACJI   Które wyrazy z listy poprawnie uzupełniają zdania?	
back faulty receipt refunds return	
1. I'd like to this jumper.	
2. I'm afraid this MP3 player is	
3. I'd like my money	
4. Have you got a for this shirt?	
5. I'm afraid we don't give on discounted goods. I could exchange it for you.	
III. Które z podanych odpowiedzi $A$ – $C$ są poprawnymi tłumaczeniami fragmentów	
podanych w nawiasach?	
1. We bought this furniture (na wyprzedaży).	
A. half price B. in a sale C. at a discount	
2. I'm afraid this laptop is faulty (Prosiłbym o zwrot pieniędzy.)	
A. I'd like a refund.	
B. I got my money back.	
C. I'd like to make a complaint.	
3. I wonder how much (kosztują te buty).	
A. cost these shoes	
B. these shoes are	
C. pay for these shoes	
4. If we (wydamy) all our money here, we won't be able to go to the cinema!	
A. spend B. will spend C. spent	
5. (Gdybyś nie kupował) so many gadgets, you wouldn't be broke all the time.	
A. If you didn't buy	
B. Unless you buy	
C. If you don't buy	